

H. Resing-Wörmer/TAP

Sales Document

Noise levels

Nordex N100/2500

Document number:			
F008_	_228_	_A03_	EN

Revision: 04

Created: R. Haevernick/TAP

Wilke/TAP

J. Kirchner/PJE

Checked:

Released:

Date: 2010-04-19

Responsible departement: Central Engineering/TAP

Classification: **PB – Public**

AST: 6162

Replacement for: F008_228_A03_EN_R03

Validity: K HBG BGG P/T K08 - gamma T

Revision index

Revision	Modification (Section)	AST
04	Changing of the statement regarding the sound power levels	6162
03	Extended by hub heights 80 m and 140 m	5456
02	Revision Expiry Date	2854
01	Complete revision	2854
00	First Edition (as K0801_011694_DE_R00)	2854

This document is a translation from German. In case of doubt, the German text shall prevail. Document published in electronic form. Signed original at Central Engineering/ENS.



Noise levels

Nordex N100/2500

This document is a translation from German. In case of doubt, the German text shall prevail. Document published in electronic form. Signed original at Central Engineering/ENS.

> © Nordex Energy GmbH, Bornbarch 2, D-22848 Norderstedt, Germany All rights reserved. Observe protection notice ISO 16016.



Noise Emission Nordex N100/2500

Noise levels		
according to IEC 61400-11: 2002 [1]		
Hub height: 80 m		

Standardised wind speed (at 10 m height)	Apparent sound power level
V _s [m/s]	L _{WA} [dB(A)]
3	96.8
4	98.8
5	101.1
6	104.4
7	105.8
8	106.0
9	106.0
10	106.0
11	106.0
12	106.0

The calculation of the standardised wind speed at 10 m height according to IEC 61400-11:2002 [1] is based on a terrain roughness length $z_0 = 0.05$ m. The actual wind speed at 10 m height can be different to the standardised wind speed depending on the actual terrain roughness length.

The noise can be tonal in the vicinity of wind turbines. The specified sound power levels include potential tonal penalties K_{TN} according to "Technische Richtlinien für Windenergieanlagen" [2], without taking account any tonality $K_{TN} \le 2 \text{ dB}$.

The specified sound power levels are expected values in terms of statistics. Results of single measurements will be within the confidence interval according to IEC 61400-14 [4].

Measurements are to be carried out by a measuring institute accredited for noise emission measurements at wind turbines according to ISO/IEC 17025 [3] at the reference position as defined in IEC 61400-11 [1]. The data analysis must be carried out according to the preferred method 1 of IEC 61400-11 [1]. The tonal penalties in the vicinity of wind turbines K_{TN} based on these measurements are to be determined according to "Technische Richtlinien für Windenergieanlagen" [2].

- [1] IEC 61400-11 ed. 2: Wind Turbine Generator Systems Part 11: Acoustic Noise Measurement Techniques; 2002-12
- [2] Technische Richtlinie für Windenergieanlagen Teil 1: Bestimmung der Schallemissionswerte, Revision 18; FGW 2008-02
- [3] ISO/IEC 17025: General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories; 2005-08
- [4] IEC 61400-14, Wind turbines Part 14: Declaration of apparent sound power level and tonality values, first edition, 2005-03



Noise Emission Nordex N100/2500

Noise levels		
according to IEC 61400-11: 2002 [1]		
Hub height: 100 m		

Standardised wind speed (at 10 m height)	Apparent sound power level
V _s [m/s]	L _{WA} [dB(A)]
3	97.0
4	99.0
5	101.5
6	105.0
7	106.0
8	106.0
9	106.0
10	106.0
11	106.0
12	106.0

The calculation of the standardised wind speed at 10 m height according to IEC 61400-11:2002 [1] is based on a terrain roughness length $z_0 = 0.05$ m. The actual wind speed at 10 m height can be different to the standardised wind speed depending on the actual terrain roughness length.

The noise can be tonal in the vicinity of wind turbines. The specified sound power levels include potential tonal penalties K_{TN} according to "Technische Richtlinien für Windenergieanlagen" [2], without taking account any tonality $K_{TN} \le 2 \text{ dB}$.

The specified sound power levels are expected values in terms of statistics. Results of single measurements will be within the confidence interval according to IEC 61400-14 [4].

Measurements are to be carried out by a measuring institute accredited for noise emission measurements at wind turbines according to ISO/IEC 17025 [3] at the reference position as defined in IEC 61400-11 [1]. The data analysis must be carried out according to the preferred method 1 of IEC 61400-11 [1]. The tonal penalties in the vicinity of wind turbines K_{TN} based on these measurements are to be determined according to "Technische Richtlinien für Windenergieanlagen" [2].

- [1] IEC 61400-11 ed. 2: Wind Turbine Generator Systems Part 11: Acoustic Noise Measurement Techniques; 2002-12
- [2] Technische Richtlinie für Windenergieanlagen Teil 1: Bestimmung der Schallemissionswerte, Revision 18; FGW 2008-02
- [3] ISO/IEC 17025: General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories; 2005-08
- [4] IEC 61400-14, Wind turbines Part 14: Declaration of apparent sound power level and tonality values, first edition, 2005-03



Noise Emission Nordex N100/2500

Noise levels		
according to IEC 61400-11: 2002 [1]		
Hub height: 140 m		

Standardised wind speed (at 10 m height)	Apparent sound power level
V _s [m/s]	L _{WA} [dB(A)]
3	97.3
4	99.4
5	102.3
6	105.3
7	106.0
8	106.0
9	106.0
10	106.0
11	106.0
12	106.0

The calculation of the standardised wind speed at 10 m height according to IEC 61400-11:2002 [1] is based on a terrain roughness length $z_0 = 0.05$ m. The actual wind speed at 10 m height can be different to the standardised wind speed depending on the actual terrain roughness length.

The noise can be tonal in the vicinity of wind turbines. The specified sound power levels include potential tonal penalties K_{TN} according to "Technische Richtlinien für Windenergieanlagen" [2], without taking account any tonality $K_{TN} \le 2 \text{ dB}$.

The specified sound power levels are expected values in terms of statistics. Results of single measurements will be within the confidence interval according to IEC 61400-14 [4].

Measurements are to be carried out by a measuring institute accredited for noise emission measurements at wind turbines according to ISO/IEC 17025 [3] at the reference position as defined in IEC 61400-11 [1]. The data analysis must be carried out according to the preferred method 1 of IEC 61400-11 [1]. The tonal penalties in the vicinity of wind turbines K_{TN} based on these measurements are to be determined according to "Technische Richtlinien für Windenergieanlagen" [2].

- [1] IEC 61400-11 ed. 2: Wind Turbine Generator Systems Part 11: Acoustic Noise Measurement Techniques; 2002-12
- [2] Technische Richtlinie für Windenergieanlagen Teil 1: Bestimmung der Schallemissionswerte, Revision 18; FGW 2008-02
- [3] ISO/IEC 17025: General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories; 2005-08
- [4] IEC 61400-14, Wind turbines Part 14: Declaration of apparent sound power level and tonality values, first edition, 2005-03